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KT117 - Anti Human Macrophage (CD68) Monoclonal Antibody (Clone No. PM-1K)

Macrophages are present in nearly all tissues and organs of the body. They are differentiated from monocytes derived from the bone marrow. Macrophages and monocytes are phagocytes, acting in both innate immunity and cell-mediated immunity of vertebrate animals. Their function is to phagocytize cellular debris and pathogens, and to stimulate lymphocytes and other immune cells to respond to the pathogen.

Macrophages are able to be identified immnohistochemically by virtue of the presence of monocyte/macrophage-associated antigens such as CD68. Antibodies recognizing CD68 have been used as some of the best reagents to detect macrophages in tissues.

CD68 is a 110-kD transmembrane glycoprotein that is highly expressed by human monocytes and tissue macrophages. It is a member of the lysosomal/endosomal-associated membrane glycoprotein (LAMP) family.

This antibody recognizes CD68 antigen. The molecular size of the antigen identified by this antibody was 110 kDa. Immunopecipitated antigen by this antibody was also recognized by the other CD68 antibodies such as KP-1 and PG-M1.

In immunohistochemical assays, this antibody recognizes freshly isolated human blood monocytes and tissue macrophages. This antibody also recognizes macrophages obtained from guinea pigs, pigs, bovine species, and monkeys. Since this antibody strongly labels guinea pig macrophages, this antibody will be suitable to examine such macrophages in experimental guinea pig models.

This antibody will be very useful to research of CD68, macrophage, allergic diseases and delayed hypersensitivity.

Package Size 50µg (200µL/ vial)

Format Mouse monoclonal antibody 0.25mg/mL

Buffer PBS [containing 2% Block Ace as a stabilizer, 0.1%Proclin as a bacteriostat]

Storage Store below -20°C

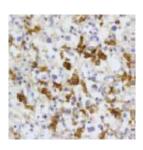
Once thawed, store at 4°C. Repeated freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

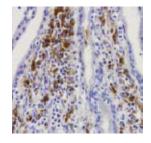
Subclass IgG2b, κ

peritoneal cells from patients with endometriosis incubated for 24 hours, were fused with mouse NS-1 myeloma cells. The hybridoma cell line with positive reaction was grown in ascitic fluid of BALB/c mouse, from which the antibody

was purified by Protein G affinity chromatography.

Working dilution for immunohistochemistry: 10µg/mL





Left; Human spleen (frozen section): Red pulp macrophages are positive.

Right; Small Intestine of Guinea Pig (paraffin section): Macrophages in lamina propria are positive.

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 \square Distribution of positive reactivities of PM-1K with human monocyte/macropahes \square

Tissues	Cells	Tissues	Cells
Heart	Intramuscular Μφ	Lymph nodes	Mφ in follicles
			Mφ in paracortical
			areas
Lung	Alveolar Μφ	Pancreas, Salivary,	Interstitial Μφ
		Thyroid, Adrenals,	Stomach, Small and
		Urinary bladder,	Large intestines Mφin
		Prostate, Trachea	lamia propria
Liver	Kupffer cells	Skin	Dermal Μφ
	Mφ in portal triads		Langerhans cells
Kidney	Interstitial Μφ	Blood monocytes	Freshly isolated
	Uriniferous tubule cells		monocytes
Spleen	Red pulp Mφ	Blood neutrophils	Freshly isolated
	White pulp Mφ		neutrophils
Thymus	Mφ in cortex	Myeloid cell lines	THP-1
·	Mφ in medulla		MonoMac6

Mφ: macrophage

□Reference□*Application Reference

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